APPELLATE CIVIL.

Before Sir Charles Surgent, Kt., Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice Birdwood.

1892. February 25. PITA'MBAR MANCHA'RA'M, (ORIGINAL APPLICANT), APPELLANT, v. ISHVAR JADURA'M, (ORIGINAL OPPONENT), RESPONDENT.*

Jurisdiction—Heirship—Application for declaration of heirship—Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827, Sec. 2—Subordinate Judge invested with function of District Court under Act VII of 1889—Jurisdiction of such Judge to hear such application.

A Subordinate Judge who (under section 26 of Act VII of 1889) has been invested by Government with the functions of a District Court under Act VII of 1889 has jurisdiction to hear and determine an application made under section 2 of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827(1).

This was a reference made by G. McCorkell, District Judge of Ahmedabad, under section 617 of the Civil Procedure Code.

The appellant, Pitámbar Manchárám, (original applicant), presented a petition under Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Kaira, praying to be declared the heir of one Motirám Ghelábhái, deceased. Under section 26 of Act VII of 1889 that Court had been invested by Government with the functions of a District Court under Act VII of 1889 ⁽²⁾.

- * Civil Reference, No. 2 of 1892.
- (1) Clause 2 of section 2 of Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 is as follows:-
- "If an heir, executor, or administrator is desirous of having his right formally recognised by the Court for the purpose of rendering it more safe for persons in possession of, or indebted to, the estate to acknowledge and deal with him, the Judge, on application, shall issue a proclamation in the form contained in Appendix A, inviting all persons who dispute the right of the applicant to appear in the Court within one mouth from the date of the proclamation, and enter their objections, and declaring that, if no sufficient objection is offered, the Judge will proceed to receive proof of the right of the applicant, and if satisfied, grant him a certificate of heirship, executorship, or administratorship."
 - (1) Clauses 1 and 2 of section 26 of Act VII of 1889 are as follows:-
- "(1) The local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, invest any Court inferior in grade to a District Court with the functions of a District Court under this Act, and may cancel or vary any such notification.
- "(2) Any inferior Court so invested shall, within the local limits of its jurisdiction, have concurrent jurisdiction with the District Court in the exercise of all the powers conferred by this Act pon the District Court, and the provisions of this Act relating to the District Court shall apply to such an inferior Court as if it were a District Court,"

The respondent, Ishvar Jadurám, (original opponent), contended (inter alia) that the Court of the Subordinate Judge had no jurisdiction to entertain the application under Regulation VIII of 1827, which conferred jurisdiction only upon Zilla Courts.

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The Subordinate Judge held that he had no jurisdiction to entertain the application under the regulation, and rejected it.

The applicant appealed to the District Court, and the District Judge, being doubtful, referred the following question for the decision of the High Court:—

"Had the Subordinate Judge authority to hear and determine an application made under section 2 of the Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827?"

There was no appearance for the parties.

SARGENT C. J.:—We think that section 28 of Act VII of 1889⁽¹⁾ distinctly applies the provisions of section 26 and the other sections set out in section 28 to certificates granted under Regulation VIII of 1827 and applications for such certificates made after the commencement of the Act.

Order accordingly.

(1) Section 28.—Notwithstanding anything in the regulation of the Bombay Code No. VIII of 1827, the provision of section 3, section 6, sub-section (1), clause f, and sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 25, 26 and 27 of this Act with respect to certificates under this Act and applications therefor, and of section 98 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881, with respect to the exhibition of inventories and accounts by executors and administrators, so far as they can be made applicable, apply, respectively, to certificates granted under that regulation, and applications made for certificates thereunder, after the commencement of this Act, and to the exhibition of inventories and accounts by the holders of such certificates so granted.