

Legislative Competence relating to water and water based resources.

Union List (List-I)

- Entry 34 Shipping and navigation on inland waterways declared by Parliament by Law to be national waterways as regards to mechanically propelled vessels, the rule of road on such water ways.
- Entry 25 Maritime shipping and navigation, including navigation and shipping on tidal waters,
- Entry 56 Regulation and development of inter-state rivers and river valleys to the extent to which such regulation and development under the control of Union is declared by Parliament by Law to be expedient in public interest,
- Entry 57 Fishing and fisheries beyond territorial waters
- Entry 58 Manufacture supply and distribution of salt by Union agencies and regulation and control of these by other agencies,
- Entry 97 By virtue of this article flood control, also known as 'prevention of harmful effects of water' and problems relating to salinity and water-logging.

State List (List-II)

- Entry 5 Local Government, that is municipal corporation and other Local authorities for the purposes of Local self-government or village administration
- Entry 13 Ferries and other means of communications, not

Annexure IIAbstract of water and water based resources in Five Year Plans.First Five Year Plan

In the First Plan it was conceived that utilization of water resources should be planned on a national basis. However, water resources formed only part of planning in different areas (agriculture, power, health etc.) of the Plan. The maximum use of water, as usual, was for irrigation with the objective to increase irrigation potential and areas under command. The integrated development of water and land resources was emphasised to be of fundamental importance for the economy and progress of the country and hence high priority was to be given in view of the fact that large land resources could not be put to productive uses without simultaneous development and use of water resources. Three sources of water supply for irrigation were identified; (a) directly from water normally flowing in rivers that is by diversion Canals, (b) from storage of flood waters, and (c) from the waters available underground that is by wells or tube wells. Soil conservation programme to save erosion in forests and catchment areas covered the allied agricultural activities.

Provisions for safe and adequate water supply for drinking and domestic purposes came under health programme with the object to protect hygiene. It was

(ii)

specified in List I and III, on water ways,
Entry 17 Water as such that is water supplies, irrigation
and Canals, drainage and embankments, water
storage and water power subject to the provisions
of entry 56 of List I, and

Entry 21 Fisheries.

Concurrent List (List III)

Entry 20 Economic and social planning,

Entry 30 Shipping and navigation on inland waterways as
regards mechanically propelled vessels, and
the rule of the road on such water ways, the
carriage of passengers and goods on inland
water ways subjects to the provisions of List
I with respect to national waterways.