PART II

Citizenship

Citizenship at the date of commencement of the Constitution.

5. At the date of commencement of this Constitution—

 (a) every person who or either of whose parents 5 or any of whose grand-parents was born in the territory of India as defined in this Constitution and who has not made his permanent abode in any foreign State after the first day of April, 1947; and 10

(b) every person who or either of whose parents or any of whose grand-parents was born in India as defined in the Government of India Act, 1935 (as originally enacted), or in Burma, Ceylon or Malaya, and who 15 has his domicile in the territory of India as defined in this Constitution.

shall be a citizen of India, provided that he has not acquired the citizenship of any foreign State before the date of commencement of this Constitution. 20

Explanation.—For the purposes of clause (b) of this article, a person shall be deemed to have his domicile in the territory of India—

- (i) if he would have had his domicile in such territory under Part II of the Indian 25 Succession Act, 1925, had the provisions of that Part been applicable to him, or
- (ii) if he has, before the date of commencement of this Constitution, deposited in the office of the District Magistrate a declaration 30 in writing of his desire to acquire such domicile and has resided in the territory of India for at least one month before the date of the declaration.

Parliament toregulate the right of citizenship by law. 6. Parliament may, by law, make further provi-35 sion regarding the acquisition and termination of citizenship and all other matters relating thereto.

*The Committee is of opinion that auxiliary action whether by legislation or otherwise may have to be taken before the commencement of this Constitution for the receipt of declarations, keeping of registers of such declarations and other incidental matters for the purpose of clause (ii) of the Explanation.