

## APPENDIX C

### *Limits of areas for resumption for personal cultivation*

<i>State</i>	<i>Area</i>
1. Bombay . . . . .	50 acres. If the landlord holds an area equal to or less than 16 acres of <i>zirayat</i> land or 4 acres of irrigated or paddy or rice land, the tenant can be ejected from his whole holding. If he holds land in excess of the area, the tenant can be ejected from half of his holding. Only those land owners whose main sources of income is cultivation will have the right to resume land. (This provision applies in relation to protected tenants only.)
2. Madhya Pradesh . . . . .	50 acres in Berar. No limit has been fixed in other parts of the State.
3. Orissa . . . . .	33 acres.
4. Punjab . . . . .	30 standard acres in the case of original inhabitants and 50 standard acres in case of displaced allottees.
5. Uttar Pradesh . . . . .	8 acres. But the right of resumption will accrue only in areas in respect of which a notification has been made by the State Government.
6. Rajasthan . . . . .	75 acres unirrigated land and 25 acres of irrigated land.
7. Mysore . . . . .	Half of the area held by the tenant in every case and in addition where a tenant holds more than 10 acres, a percentage of tenant's share of one half, varying between 25 to 5 per cent